Cabinet

28 September 2016



Title	Revenue Monitoring Report for 2016/17		
Purpose of the report	To note		
Report Author	Adrian Flynn		
Cabinet Member	Councillor Howard Williams	Confidential	No
Corporate Priority	Financial Sustainability		
Recommendations	To note the current level of spend.		

1. Key issues

- 1.1 To provide cabinet with the net revenue spend figures to the end of July 2016.
 - The forecast outturn at net expenditure level is £14.895m against the revised budget of £14.889m; A projected adverse variance of £5k.
 - After taking into account the use of carry forwards, the net position is approximately £11.5k favourable variance.

Interest earnings are forecast to be lower than the budget due to the delayed sale of Bridge street car park by approximately £79k. This shortfall will be covered by a transfer from our interest equalisation reserve.

2. Options analysis and proposal

- 2.1 Cabinet are asked to note the current net revenue spend and forecast position.
- 2.2 The following highlights the more significant or material variances:

Leader

2.3 Democratic Rep and Management: £60k adverse variance: Impact of increased allowances agreed by the Council offset by a small reduction in training expenditure.

Corporate Management

- 2.4 Information and Communications Technology: £27k favourable variance: Vacant post less the partnership costs of covering that post.
- 2.5 Corporate Management: £63k adverse variance: Consultancy costs in respect of Knowle Green Estates Ltd, towards a sustainable future and specialist VAT advice on asset transactions.

Environment & Compliance

- 2.6 Refuse collection: £104k favourable variance: Increased income from Brown Waste bin collections, plus grant funding from Surrey County Council for the Food Waste Collection Service.
- 2.7 Environment Services Admin: £33k favourable variance: Increased income from the sale of compost bin liners, grant funding received from the County Council, a vacant post and maternity leave.
- 2.8 Car Parks: £70k adverse variance: Vacant posts covered by temp staff and lower income as parking charges were not increased at the beginning of the financial year.

Housing

2.9 Housing needs: £30k adverse variance: Redundancy payment made that was not budgeted for.

Community Wellbeing

- 2.10 SPAN (Community Alarm): £26k favourable variance: Increase income due to extra demand for the service and from the sale of equipment, plus vacant posts.
- 2.11 SAT (Spelride): £9k favourable variance: Increased income from Fordbridge day centre charges and membership fees.
- 2.12 Sports Development: £6.5k favourable variance: Increased activity has resulted in higher income.

Planning and Economic Development

- 2.13 Asset Management Admin: £44k adverse variance: There is no budget for the short term costs associated with the Bugle site.
- 2.14 Building Control: £23k favourable variance: Increased activity has resulted in increased income offset by Temporary staff costs.

Finance and Customer Services

2.15 Accountancy: £19k favourable variance: Vacant post

Unapportionable Central Overheads: £35k adverse variance: Additional Municipal Mutual Insurance Ltd levy paid with respect to local authorities historical liability.

3. Financial implications

3.1 As set out within the report and appendices

4. Other considerations

- 4.1 There are none
- 5. Timetable for implementation
- 5.1 Bi monthly reports are produced for Management team.

Background papers: None

Appendices: A & B